

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. V.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 5TH, 1884.

No. 23.

TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, April 4, 1884.

The Stephensons were hanged at Regina on Thursday.

Another fatal cyclone has visited the southern states.

Much more favorable land laws are being passed in parliament.

The Ontario conspiracy case at the Toronto police court is adjourned till Tuesday.

Hugh Sutherland's company has been granted the charter for a Hudson's bay railway.

The C.P.R. will not build any branch lines this year owing to the farmers' anti-immigration resolution.

Prince Leopold, Queen Victoria's fourth son, died suddenly at Cannes on Thursday night. Cause apoplexy. The remains will be taken to England.

The sum of \$50,000 is placed in the supplementary estimates for expenses in the settlement of land claims at Prince Albert, Battleford and Edmonton.

Terrible riot occurred in Cincinnati on Friday night resulting in 51 deaths and in hundreds being injured. The cause was maladministration of justice. A murderer named Berner who had confessed his crime was tried but was only found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to 20 years imprisonment. This so enraged the people that a mob of 10,000 started for the jail and attacked it. The prisoner escaped but was afterwards recaptured by the authorities. The mob fired the jail and attacked the guard. They sacked the gun stores for weapons and afterwards burned the court house. The militia were called out, the streets were barricaded and there was a terrible commotion for several days. Regular fusillades were kept up between the militia and the mob. All quiet now.

PRINCE ALBERT EAST, April 4, 1884.

Snow nearly all gone. Weather warm.

The ice on the river shows signs of breaking.

The steamer Manitoba is now undergoing repairs here.

Dr. Porter was seriously injured on Monday night by his horse falling on him breaking a rib and bruising him considerably.

BATTLEFORD, April 4, 1884.

Snow all gone.

Steps are being taken to re-organize the public school here.

Ploughing was begun yesterday on the farm of J. M. Skelton.

Ice in the rivers rotting rapidly and will break in the course of a few days.

Goodwin Marchand and Peter Ballendine will leave for Swift Current tomorrow. H. Gibson and F. Marjold left for the south branch to-day to inspect the telegraph line.

The new store for the Hudson's bay company is to be built on the height of land between the Battle and Saskatchewan rivers about half a mile south of the post office. H. C. Laurie, D.L.S., is also building near the same point.

W. S. ROBERTSON and A. Macdonald of A. Macdonald & Co., arrived from Calgary on Wednesday evening. They left Calgary on Saturday and lay over Sunday at Scarlett's. Building was going on briskly in Calgary, every one being anxious to earn the rebate on his lot by having his building erected by April 1st. Trade generally was dull. Lieutenant-governor Dewdney is erecting some terraces but none of the erections are very expensive. Snow was gone all along the road. The flow was still solid when the party left. The tied deer was open in places but the crossing was made on the ice. The blind man was open and easily fordable. Wolf creek was open and had but a temporary bridge made the crossing easy. The Battle was forded but it was still frozen in places. The Pipe stone and big stone were solid but the black mud was open and low. The road to Peace hills was good but from there to it was muddy. There is very little water on the ground.

The patent has been issued for the claim of the Roman Catholic mission at Calgary, the first issued in that district. Application for patent was made four years ago but was refused on the ground that patents could only be granted through a land agent. As soon as the agent was appointed the patent was granted. It is altogether likely that an agent and registrar will be appointed for Edmonton during the coming summer, when no doubt patents will be forthcoming.

W. WALKER, sr., and W. Walker, jr., have taken up section 4, township 34, range 22, west of the 4th meridian and are getting out house and stable logs as rapidly as possible. They will go on the claim as soon as possible.

LOCAL.

MAIL leaves at 9.30 this morning.

JAS. MOWAT left for Calgary on Thursday.

SEED potatoes are offered at \$1.25 to \$1.50.

DUCKS and geese appeared on Monday last.

DANCE at A. Rowland's on Friday night of last week.

W. WALKER is about to leave the Walker house and start farming.

D. E. NOYES began plowing on April 1st and began to sow on Thursday.

FROM a flock of thirteen ewes E. Brousseau of St. Albert has 26 lambs this spring.

G. A. SIMPSON and wife arrived from Ottawa and Calgary on Wednesday evening.

JUDGE ROLEAU expects to leave for Calgary on Monday, accompanied by M. McCauley.

It is expected that the C.P.R. will begin running daily trains to Calgary on Monday next.

J. J. McARTHUR, D.L.S., arrived from Red Deer on Sunday evening with Greenwood's stage.

A LARGE number of hay stacks were burned on the south side by prairie fires on Thursday last.

LARGE numbers of moths were noticed on Monday last flying around the half opened poplar buds.

F. M. JUNEAU left for Lac la Biche with a train of carts on Tuesday last taking out loads of flour.

A PETITION for the mitigation of the sentence to be passed to-day on Vizina was being signed last night.

H. BANNERMAN is erecting a frame kitchen in rear of his dwelling 18x24. Cost \$300, Wolfe & McKee contractors.

HOT beds are all the rage and everyone is promising himself a full supply of garden truck during the coming summer.

J. WALTER went to Clover bar on Wednesday to put in working order the cable and other equipments of the ferry scow there.

AD. McPHERSON reports that the murderer Williams was hanged at Calgary on Saturday of last week. McPherston left on Sunday.

AD. McPHERSON's train is bringing in 40 bushels of red flint wheat for the agricultural society. It will arrive about the 15th inst.

MAIL arrived on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock in charge of W. H. McKenny. One cart, four pack horses and three men were employed.

A DAILY Free Press of March 24th was brought through by Mr. A. Macdonald, ten days from Winnipeg. This beats the mail considerably.

THE ice has risen in the river, but as there is no rush of water it will have to become very soft before it runs out. It was still safe on Friday morning.

FRESH eggs and butter are coming in quite freely. Prices still 50c. a pound and 50c. a dozen in cash or trade. Hens are valued at \$2.00 and \$2.50 a piece.

F. GREENWOOD arrived from the south with his stake on Sunday evening last. Six days out from Calgary. Roads bad but the ice still sound in the rivers.

It might be well to remark that a person setting a prairie fire or carelessly allowing it to run at any time of year is liable for all damages that may be caused by it.

J. WALTER is building a new and larger ferry scow for use at the present crossing and will use the old boat at the proposed lower crossing below the Edmonton mills.

M. McCAULEY is erecting a frame kitchen 18x20, a story and a half high in rear of his dwelling. It will be bricked inside and will cost \$600, Wolfe & McKee contractors.

UNIT arrangements are completed for building St. Michael's church in the eastern part of town, that congregation will meet at All-Saints at the usual hour in the evening.

THE best grain brought to the H.B.Co. mill this season came from Battle river and was grown by one of the Laboucan family from imported seed. It was perfectly free from smut, seeds or frost.

IF the old saying that a peck of March dust is worth a peck of gold, be true, Edmonton is all right for this season, as a good many pecks could be gathered on Main street during the last week of the month.

THE beauties of the law were well brought out in the case of Humberstone vs. Dawes. Alfred Whitford guardian. A yoke of oxen was seized and sold for \$120, out of which amount Mr. Humberstone netted \$2.50, the rest being eaten up by a lien of \$50 held by H. Blecker against Whitford and the expenses of the seizure and sale.

J. A. McDUGALL is erecting a dwelling on lots 84 and 85, block 7, of the H.B. reserve, near the Presbyterian church. The building is frame 18x26, story and a half high and will cost \$500, Wolfe & McKee contractors.

THE case of K. Macdonald vs. A. Macdonald & Co., which has come up regularly at the last three or four courts and been as regularly put off to another session was settled amicably between the parties on Tuesday last.

W. CUST has supplied 200 sacks of wheat flour to the Indian department at Victoria and Riviere Qui Barre. He is also supplying 150 sacks of barley flour and A. Macdonald & Co. a similar amount to the department at \$3.75 per sack.

F. M. JUNEAU succeeded in making a sale of 100 sacks of flour in his recent trip to Lac la Biche. Parties from Duck lake had succeeded in selling 100 sacks at the same place a short time before, wherein the Duck lakers got a bad scoop on the Edmonton people.

THE Port Moody Gazette has been received at this office. It is a twenty-four column paper, well arranged and printed, and containing lots of news, but not a great deal of a local nature. It appears to be "agin" the present local government of British Columbia.

THE Methodist church here has probably the youngest organist in Canada if not in the world. Since the departure of Mrs. W. L. Wood to Calgary, Miss Hattie Walker, aged eleven, has played at the Sabbath school and evening services in a very creditable and pleasing manner.

A LETTER received from rev. Pere Lacombe says that he made application at Ottawa to have Edmonton made a port of entry. It was promised that this would be done and that the postmaster would be appointed customs collector until a regular customs officer had been appointed.

C. STEWART has lumber on the ground for the erection of a dwelling house on the point of the hill at the eastern boundary of the D. McLeod property. The building will be frame 24x36, two stories high, lathed and plastered, and will probably cost \$1,500, Wolfe & McKee builders.

PROSPECTS for coarse gold, fine gold, gold bearing quartz, silver bearing quartz, coal oil, mica and other articles too numerous to mention is all the rage. If nature has concealed any articles of value within a radius of 300 miles of this place she may prepare to yield them up at once for Edmonton is on the war path and is camping on her trail.

LAST week as Jas. McKernan of the south side scraped away the snow near his house in order to lay the foundation he was surprised to find there was actually no frost in the ground and that he could easily dig up the earth with a spade. Owing to the dryness of last fall and summer and the consequent lack of moisture in the soil there is very little frost in the ground this spring.

THE telegraph line is keeping up remarkably well this season, having been only down twice since last September, and on one of these occasions it was maliciously cut. Generally the opening of spring has been the signal for a collapse of the whole telegraph business. That this has not occurred this spring is due in part to the dry state of the country and in part to the thorough repairing which the line received last fall.

JAMES PORT and Robert Tone have taken up section 34, township 53, range 22, west of the 4th meridian, and are also getting out house and stable logs with a view to actual settlement. Leander Fulton has taken the north half of section 30, township 53, range 22. These claims are five or six miles south of Ft. Saskatchewan in the Beaver hills, near the Point le Pée creek. The three last mentioned are the first claims taken in township 53.

TWO weeks ago the Rt. Rev. Bishop Grandin of St. Albert, paid a pastoral visit to the place on Battle river known as Selva's settlement, and administered the sacrament of confirmation to thirty persons. His lordship was very much pleased with the site the half-breeds have chosen for their settlement. Its agricultural advantages are all that can be desired, equalling those of any other place in the North-West. It is to be hoped that several other families who are still floating through the country without permanent homes will also come to swell the population and give more importance to the place. Rev. Father Belleville is pastor of the settlement. He attends to the spiritual wants of about 200 souls who frequent the nice little chapel built on the place. Henceforth the name of the settlement is Duhamel according to an arrangement between the bishop and the government.

A SEATLY bound copy of the official postal guide for January, 1884, arrived with this mail. The guide is revised and issued quarterly by authority of the postmaster general. It contains a calendar, a list of the governors-general and staff, Canadian cabinet ministers, senators, members of the house of commons, the names of local legislators, census of '81, full information in regard to postal rates and methods and a complete list of post officers and post masters.

MRS. WALTER FAREWELL, of Grimsby, Ont., wrote to the postmaster this mail asking for information regarding her husband who left Prince Albert last spring with a party of men to go to the mountains, and was to meet a man named G. Anderson at Edmonton. Mrs. Farewell has not heard from or of him since and would be thankful for any information that may be given her concerning his whereabouts. Information left with or addressed to the postmaster at Edmonton will be equally satisfactory.

A MEETING of the Methodist church committee of management was held in the church on Tuesday evening last. The secretary reported having received a letter in answer to a communication made by the committee from rev. A. Sutherland, secretary of the missionary society, authorizing a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Wood, McCauley and Oliver, acting in connection with rev. John McDougall representing the missionary society to act on behalf of the society in making any necessary improvements in the property and to maintain the right of the society to it. The letter further stated that as soon as the patent for the land was received it would be made available for local church purposes. The secretary was authorized to acknowledge the receipt of the letter and to state that the terms were satisfactory to the committee. A statement made by the pastor as to the incidental expenses of the church showed a balance to be provided of \$14. Enough wood and coal oil remained in hand to fulfil the requirements of the remainder of the year ending May 30th. The pastor stated that owing to the effects of an accident which occurred to him last summer he did not feel equal to the task of attending properly to the duties imposed upon him by such a large and important mission and had therefore asked from the mission authorities either that he be removed to some place where the duties would not be so exacting or be allowed leave of absence for a year in order that he might place himself directly under medical control. It was unlikely that he would remain at Edmonton longer than the end of the present year which ended May 30th. The committee passed a resolution expressing their regret at the inability of the pastor to continue his work here and their satisfaction at the course that had been pursued by him since his coming to Edmonton.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FARMERS, lime your grain and prevent smut. Quicklime for sale at Frank Oliver's at \$1.50 per bushel.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—Persons hereafter removing fences and trespassing on the Hermitage property will be prosecuted according to law. W. NEWTON.

NOTICE.—All parties are hereby notified to give no credit on my account to my wife Virginia Gagnon, she having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation. ISAAC GAGNON.

FOR SALE.—Four ponies (one a lady's pony), light wagon, set double harness, set single harness, side saddle and bridle, two carts, four sets cart harness. Terms cash. Apply to A. Anderson, at R. Logan's, St. Albert road.

NOTICE.—The Edmonton and Saskatchewan land company of Canada are bringing in for the benefit of the Edmonton settlement, 400 bushels seed wheat which will be sold at cost and arrive here about the 15th instant. For full particulars apply at the company's office, Clover bar.—Offices of the Edmonton & Saskatchewan land company of Canada, 4th April, 1884. G. A. SIMPSON, agent.

SALE BY AUCTION.

There will be sold by public auction on the 28th of April, at Fort Saskatchewan, a number of horses, wagons and carts. Also harness, clothing and provisions, belonging to the N. W. mounted police force. Full particulars next issue.

By order.
G. A. BLAKE,
Auctioneer.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising Rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion; no advertisement inserted for less than One Dollar. Advance payments. **OLIVER & DUNLOP, Proprietors.**

EDMONTON BULLETIN, APRIL 5, 1884.

WATSON, M. P.

Robert Watson, M.P. for Marquette bids fair to become a prominent figure in future in Manitoba and federal politics. Mr. Watson has the honor to be the only representative the people of Manitoba have ever had either in the provincial legislature or federal parliament whose promises before election have not been more or less belied by his action after taking his seat, whose promises were made as the result of his convictions and whose actions have been dictated by the wishes and interests of his constituents instead of by the wishes of a party and the interests of himself. As the consequence of having taken such an entirely original course, Mr. Watson has drawn upon himself the severe censure of those who look upon it as a serious breach of a time honored custom, and a surrender of the special privilege of Manitoban representatives to serve themselves or their party first, last and always and their province and country never.

The other members from—not representatives of—Manitoba have, it is said, determined to ignore Mr. Watson in every respect, as they are thoroughly disgusted with the course pursued by him. No wonder it is disgusting to such high minded patriots as Royal and Scott, Sutherland and Ross, that a man who has the opportunity to sell himself and his constituents at a good price should fail to do so and should choose rather to stand by his promises and make his living by his own exertions, than to belie himself for the sake of robbing the country through the medium of a corrupt government. So far as can be learned from the papers of the day, Mr. Watson is not a man of much or brilliant speech, but he is a man of untarnished honor and strict honesty; he is not a man of deep erudition but he is a man of sound sense, and with a wide knowledge of facts. He is a man of ideas and convictions and is prepared to support those ideas and convictions at all times, on all occasions and in all places where necessary. He is a young man who by his own exertions and the faculty of inspiring confidence possessed by him has attained in a comparatively short time his present good commercial and political position. The former he owes to practical business ability and the latter to sound political principles. He was elected to parliament for the largest constituency in Manitoba, not as a blind supporter of party but to support the principles advocated by himself during his election campaign. These principles he has faithfully supported in parliament whether advocated by one party or the other, and has never for any cause deviated from them.

That such a man pursuing such a course should be a thorn in the flesh of men like Scott and Royal who were elected as partisans only, or men like Ross and Sutherland who were elected as partisans and are now partisans on the opposite side, is not to be wondered at. Mr. Watson's conduct is a standing reproach to them, and no doubt their desire to ignore him springs from the fact of Mr. Watson's having ignored them and treated them with that contempt which is universally accorded to traitors. Since Mr. Watson's election as a provincial rights man he has labored under the disadvantage that he has been neither very much abused nor praised, the former because both parties counted on at some time securing his allegiance and the latter because he was not subservient to either. The disavowal of himself and his principles by the four traitors is as good a recommendation of merit as he can have. And if the copperhead papers will only spit plenty of venom at him, as they are doing, his political success is assured. The public at large will not forget the man whose simple word on the stump without party allegiance or guidance was bond for his vote in the house or to favorably contrast him with

the men whose acts and votes belied their words all through the chapter. These men may ignore Mr. Watson now but the chances are that the country will ignore them at the first opportunity.

Mr. Watson's offence, according to his opponents is that he has been unpatriotic from a provincial point of view. Some time ago a petition to have the duty on building paper increased so as to foster an infant industry for the manufacture of that article at Portage la Prairie was sent or taken down to Ottawa and the Manitoba members asked to sign it. All did so except Watson, who preferred to allow the settlers throughout Manitoba and the North-West the material with which to make their shanties comfortable at the lowest rate, rather than to tax them to build up a single paper factory. Mr. Watson opposed the granting of the C. P. R. loan because it would not benefit anyone except the syndicate, and would add to the already heavy burdens now borne by the settler. The other Manitoba members voted to increase those burdens by granting the loan. Mr. Watson moved that a condition of the granting of the loan should be the renouncing of the monopoly by the syndicate, desiring that if the settler was to be compelled to carry this additional burden he should have his others lightened or removed. The "patriots" voted this down. In supporting his motion to do away with the monopoly clause, in allusion to Mr. Thos. White's speech accusing the Manitoba people of being discontented without cause, Mr. Watson mentioned some of the difficulties peculiar to prairie life which beset the North-West settler and render cheap railroad communication a necessity to his prosperity or even his existence. Mr. Watson had the presumption to say that in many cases settlers were obliged to draw their wood thirty miles. That the winter weather was cold and therefore people needed cheap fuel and cheap and warm houses and clothes. It is charged against Mr. Watson, not that he spoke untruthfully, that he dealt falsely, that he acted unwisely, but that in speaking the truth, in dealing squarely, and in acting with his own wisdom and according to his promises he has been unpatriotic. The charge is made by the renegades Ross and Sutherland, by the party slaves Scott and Royal, by the old time Nor'Westers, Thomas and John White, and mouthed with fierce demeanor and blatant voice in the house by the honorable (?) Sir Charles Tupper. It is true that Sir Charles afterwards apologized for what he said, that the two Whites did not know what they were talking about, and that the Manitoba traitors knew they were lying when they spoke, but they knew that one and all of them had entered into a conspiracy to bind and keep bound Manitoba and the North-West at the feet of the syndicate and the eastern manufacturers for all time, but because they could find no just cause against him, and thought the public so blind that they could not tell the difference between patriotism and partizanism, they determined to accuse Mr. Watson of the lack of one because he would not be guilty of the other.

Their efforts have led to a good result. They have caused Mr. Watson to be talked about and his conduct to be discussed. Fortunately for him it has been such that it will bear inspection as surely as theirs will not. The more it is discussed the more it will become apparent that he and such as he are the men that Manitoba needs to-day and that the traitors and time-servers will have to give way to him and them. The people of Manitoba have tried for ten years to secure a man who would really represent them at Ottawa. Out of the number they have tried they have at last found one. This is not a very promising beginning, but it proves conclusively that after all there are men in Manitoba who can be trusted. What is needed is that they be found and placed where they will do most good whether in the local house or the federal parliament. If this were done there would be no need for farmers' unions, for blood and thunder resolutions, or secession, or annexation talk, and not until it is done may Manitoba expect to attain relief from the railway, manufacturing, land and governmental monopolies under which she groans to-day.

The Toronto Morning and Evening News is the latest venture in journalism in Toronto. For some time the News has been published

as an evening offshoot of the Mail, but lately it has branched out into a separate existence and into a two cent morning and one cent evening paper. It is non-party in politics but not straddle the fence. It has a platform of its own which it keeps standing at the head of its editorial column, so that every one may judge as to what the principles of the paper are and whether the principles are lived up to or not. It is purely democratic and advocates national independence; elective governors, senators and lieut. governors; the election of municipal officials directly by the people; the election by the school teachers of a council and superintendent of public instruction; manhood suffrage in all parliamentary affairs; all paper money to be issued by the government instead of by the banks; abolition of exemptions from taxation; separation of church and state; a revision of the constitution so as to define strictly the respective rights of the local and federal governments, such revision to include the abolition of the veto power of the latter over the former, leaving all questions of constitutionality to be decided by a supreme court; the abolition of government superannuation funds with such changes in the law as will make the existence of a permanent office holding class impossible; and the reorganization of our provincial system on a more economical and democratic basis. This is a pretty extensive platform but by its editorial columns the News appears besides to support restrictive or prohibitive legislation regarding the liquor traffic; to oppose governmental corruption in every form; to oppose railway monopoly and the saddling of the country with additional burdens for the purpose of insuring that monopoly. What it has to say it says plainly and forcibly backing up good ideas with sound arguments. The advent of the News with the previous existence of the World and Telegram shows that there are ideas taking root which the present political parties have failed to grasp—that people are not led now as they were ten years ago by either Sir John A. Macdonald or George Brown. The fact that non-partisan papers can exist in Toronto, where party politics run so high, is proof of this. It shows that Canadians are better able to think and judge for themselves than in the old days, or at least think they are. While many planks in the News platform are not now nor ever likely to become popular with the Canadian people, still it is refreshing to see principles and ideas advocated because they are such and not because they are authorized by a party autocrat or a party oligarchy. And if some of the principles or ideas advocated by the News are startling or disloyal, the fact of the existence of the paper is proof that these startling or disloyal ideas and principles are held by at least a portion of the community. That they or some of them are held is to be regretted, but to those who have abused the present way of governing or being governed must be accorded the blame of causing a reactionary agitation. The Bulletin is strictly democratic in principle but it chooses to believe that our present system, is inherently one point of provincial rights, better than that prevailing in the United States and advocated by the News, because more truly democratic.

It is worthy of note that it was the same band of patriots in the house of commons who voted to prevent additional railroads from connecting the North-West with the outside world—because they wanted an all rail route on Canadian soil, and to protect the great national highway, etc., etc.—who also voted to allow the aforesaid all Canadian route and national highway to have its eastern outlet on United States territory setting aside the claims of the Canadian Atlantic winter ports. The display of this sort of patriotism, which seems to be a growth peculiar to Canada, in soil, would lead to the supposition that Judas Iscariot did not suicide according to report but emigrated to Nova Scotia, and that he has numerous descendants.

Although the vote taken in the house of commons lately in regard to prohibition is no sure sign that the temperance feeling in the house is as strong as the figures of the vote might lead one to suppose, still it is a sign

that prohibition principles are steadily gaining ground. Three to one of the members of the house placed themselves upon record as being in favor of a prohibitory law on principle. This shows either that the members were sincere in giving the vote or that enough of their constituents were on that side to make it an object with the members to meet their views. It is not very, very many years ago since a man who introduced such a motion in the house would have been considered a lunatic.

ANOTHER CONSIGNMENT

Of the Cochrane manufacturing company's celebrated

BOBSLEIGHS

Just arriving, and for sale at former prices.

SEEDERS AND STUBBLE PLOWS

Now at Calgary and expected to arrive shortly.

JOHN W. SHIELDS.

JOHN SINCLAIR & CO.

NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

A full assortment in

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

GROCERIES, ETC., ETC.

Complete line of

X'MAS AND HOLIDAY GOODS.

Prices as low as the lowest. Give us a call and see for yourselves.

JOHN SINCLAIR & CO.

NORRIS & CAREY,

Beg to inform their numerous customers and the public at large that they have just received a first-class assortment of

DRY GOODS, AND

READY-MADE CLOTHING

LADIES' WEAR A SPECIALTY.

Ready-made dresses of latest style and finish, hats of all kinds, flowers, feathers, kid gloves, etc., etc.

Also a large assortment of

GROCERIES,

STATIONERY, and

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which they are prepared to sell at low figures

FORTY CART LOADS

Of fancy groceries to arrive shortly.

The public will find it to their advantage to give us a call and inspect our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

NORRIS & CAREY,

St. Albert Road.

LOCAL.

COAL mining has ceased for the season. MAIL came by the north side from Pitt. Roads bad.

A FIRE insurance agency will be established in Edmonton shortly.

FRIDAY, April 18th, not 16th, is the date of the Sturgeon river mill meeting.

SEEDING generally will commence early next week if the fine weather continues.

F. PROVOST, of Horse hill plain, began to plow for keeps on Monday last, March 31st.

W. TAYLOR saw a number of white part-ridges on the trip up from Battleford week before last.

J. F. SCHNEIDER has taken the contract of rafting down the river logs cut by the H.B. Co. at Whitemud.

J. R. MATHESON was plowing on April 1st, and D. B. Wilson sowed wheat on March 31st, both in the Sturgeon settlement.

THERE will be plenty of homemade flour this year to supply the local demand—for the first time in the history of the place.

W. HURLEY raffled a \$150 horse at Ross, hotel on Tuesday evening, 75 tickets at \$2 apiece. A. Boag was the lucky man.

A LETTER was received this mail from post office inspector McLeod asking for information looking to the establishment of a money order office.

A. MURRAY of Horse hill plain was plowing on November 2nd, last fall, and plowing commenced on April 1st this spring. Not bad for the polar regions.

THE house which Alex. Duke moved out of town to his farm last week was burned by a prairie fire on Wednesday. As the moving cost \$15 it was rather a poor speculation.

THE close season for grouse, partridge, pheasant or prairie chicken, began on March 1st and continues until August 15th. The close season for ducks and geese begins May 15th.

THE Saskatchewan Herald says that W. Taylor has concluded to settle at Battleford. Mr. Taylor says he has concluded to remain at the Sturgeon and is more pleased than ever with that district.

SENATOR TURNER took an active part in the debate in the senate on Mr. Plumb's motion to grant parliamentary representation to the North-West, and it is needless to say he strongly supported it.

D. McLEOD, Ad. McPherson and Mr. Patrick, D.L.S., arrived from Calgary on Thursday at noon. Some freight that McPherson was bringing in was left at the Red Deer until the ice should leave.

POPLARS near the houses and along the edge of the bank of the river valley are budding, while in other localities the buds have hardly begun to swell yet. This proves that thick settlement will make a change in the climate.

PRAIRIE fires nearly burned the Belmont school house on Tuesday last, and last week they burned J. Hogarth's wood pile and all the etceteras outside his house but were prevented from touching the house itself by a few furrows of plowing.

W. TAYLOR, of Sturgeon river, returned from Battleford on Thursday of last week, with his bride instead of his brother whom it was thought he had gone down to meet. The Taylor or Bressaylor settlement where he was visiting is doing very well and the settlers are well satisfied with their location.

THE river settlers of Ft. Saskatchewan, south side, have built a bridge across the mouth of the first creek east of the fort, at their own expense. The building of this bridge allows of a new trail being made from the crossing of Deep creek to the fort which will avoid the sloughs which rendered the old road almost impassable in wet seasons. Sufficient private funds have been subscribed to cover the government grant and it is proposed to expend this money by putting a bridge on Deep creek and using the balance to bridge the Barracks creek near the old trail.

THE contract for the erection of the bridge across the upper Sturgeon has been let to S. Cunningham for \$475, the bridge to be delivered in July next and guaranteed to stand for four years, the builder to make all needful repairs at his own cost. The bridge is to be on plans drawn by Mr. D. Maloney. The river at this point is sixty feet from bank to bank. A pier of logs flattened on the water side will be erected on each side projecting into the river five feet, thus shortening the span to forty feet. These piers will have twelve feet face on the water side with sloping wings 16 feet each. Ten feet back from the face the timbers connecting the wings will be put in, 20 feet in length. The top of the piers will be 15 feet from the bottom of the river and the piers will be lined with fascines and filled with sand and clay. There will be two tiers of corbels at each end with a total projection of ten feet, shortening the clear span to 30 feet. Five stringers 5 1/2 feet in length will be laid on the corbels. The total length of the covering will be 75 feet and the bridge will have a hand rail with flange board.

CALGARY.

The town is booming in lots—not lots of money.

The scaffold is being erected to hang Williams. The execution will be strictly private. Messrs. Patton, Robertson and Shaw arrived yesterday four days out from Edmonton.

The piles are being driven for the bridge across the Elbow river.

The new station and freight shed are about completed on section fifteen.

Ross is on his way to the summit to open construction operations with sixty men.

McMillan and Hogg went west two weeks ago with a party of men to change the line for a few miles, commencing at the end of the track.

Farm property is commencing to change hands. According to the Herald this is a fine farming country.

The snow has entirely disappeared. The Elbow and Bow rivers are commencing to break up.

As usual the Cronkite brothers have lost their horses—stolen of course.

The C.P.R. iron bridge across the Bow to the east of town is about completed.

Lots are not changing hands to any extent just now owing to a scarcity of wealth but a great many capitalists are expected to arrive on this train.

Calgary, March 25th, 1884.

White, M.P., of the Montreal Gazette, has been at it again. In a three and a half hours speech in the house on the budget he said that the Canadian land regulations were more liberal than those of the United States. The mile belt reservation was intended to prevent speculation. Now every even numbered section in the North-West was open to settlement. Monopoly was no obstacle to railway building in Manitoba. Any person can get a charter to build a railway there. Higher prices were paid for wheat along the Canadian Pacific than on the Northern Pacific and there was no ground for any just complaint respecting facilities for transport. The petty grievances agitation was frightening capital from the North-West. He compared the freight rates of the C.P.R. with those of the Manitoba road to the advantage of the former. He hoped to see the H.B. railway built, but the North-West wanted it built at public expense, for that was what was meant by having the province build it. He deprecated the agitation now going on which he said was the work of political agitators. To say that the above statements are lies would be to use an unwarrantable mildness of expression, and to say that Mr. Thomas White is either a wilful liar or is ignorant of what he is talking about is to put the case as mildly as truth will allow.

To Emerson is due the honor of first proposing the H.B. railroad some seven years ago. A meeting to express an opinion on the present agitation in favor of the same scheme was held there on March 4th, which was attended by delegates as far up the river as Fargo, U.S., and down the river as far as Selkirk. The first and principal resolution passed was as follows: "Resolved that the object of this convention is to secure the immediate building of the Hudson's bay railway from the head of navigation of lake Winnipeg to Ft. Churchill on Hudson's bay, said railway to be built, owned and operated by the provincial government and in such a way as to secure minimum rates of freight on exports and imports." Among those who addressed the meeting were Mr. Semmeh, who had been a resident missionary on Nelson river for six years and who was fully convinced of the practicability and value of the route.

A meeting of A. W. Ross' constituents in Rockwood sends him the following bouquet: "That we cannot speak in too strong terms of condemnation of the words and actions of the representative of Lisgar at Ottawa; such words and actions being directly contrary to the public pledges given to the electors previous to his being elected, and we think it would be more honorable in him to resign at once than continue to misrepresent the interests of his constituents. Be it therefore resolved that this meeting calls upon A. W. Ross to resign his position as our representative."

As a basis of agreement between the two H.B. railway companies, Sutherland of the one proposed to MacArthur of the other, that they two should be vice-presidents of the amalgamated company, and elect a president, or failing in an agreement, that the federal government should appoint the president. MacArthur said he was willing to amalgamate but the power of appointing the president must be in the hands of the local, not the federal government. Mac is evidently sound on the goose question.

During the C.P.R. debate Mr. Weldon moved that the bill be granted on condition that the C.P.R. shall carry their winter business to a port in the maritime provinces and spend no money in getting an interest in lines leading to United States ports. This was voted down by 104 to 41.

A million and a quarter less was received this year by the federal government from customs duty than last year.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—As the undersigned is about to close out his restaurant and bakery business, all parties indebted are requested to call at Norris & Carey's and settle up some time during the coming week. DONALD McDONALD.

MASONIC.—Saskatchewan Lodge No. 17, G. R. M., A. F. & A. M.—A regular meeting of the above lodge will be held in the Masonic Hall, Edmonton, on Monday, 7th April, at 7.30 p.m. Visiting brethren cordially invited. By order of the W.M. W. STIFF, Secretary.

FOR SALE—Cheap for Cash, or in exchange for Ponies—One new McCormick mower, one John Deere breaker, one set iron harrows, one John Deere cultivator, one cooking stove, one hundred bushels potatoes, six hot-bed sashes 3x6, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.—Apply to W. F. BREDIN.

NOTICE is hereby given that no one has authority from me to grant permission to cut timber of any description on my limits in the district of Edmonton. Any written authority I may hereafter give must be lodged in the crown timber office and a permit obtained for the same. H. J. MOORE, per Thos. Anderson.—Edmonton, 28th March, 1884.

IMPORTANT TO HORSEMEN.—The stallion "Rupert" is now in condition and will serve mares for the season at \$10 each. Terms—cash at time of service. All mares at owner's risk. This horse is from Canadian stock, raised in this district, is dark brown in color, stands 16 hands high, weight 1200 lbs, symmetrically built, and is a good roadster. May be seen and inspected any time at his stable at Turnip lake. W. ROWLAND.

NOTICE!—Important to Farmers and others. The best value in Self-Binders, Reapers, Mowers and Rakes. The Massey Manufacturing Company, Toronto, makers of the Toronto Mower and Twine Binder, the Massey Harvester and Mower and the Sharps' Horse Rake, offer the above at great bargains. Parties wishing to purchase should communicate without delay so as to ensure early delivery with our agent.—GEORGE A. BLAKE, Belmont Farm, Edmonton.

FARM FOR SALE.—East half of section 35, township 53, range 25, on St. Albert road, seven and a half miles from Edmonton, and two miles from St. Albert mission, 45 acres under cultivation. Dwelling house, stable and small granary on premises. Good well at house. Also good Toronto reaper, breaking plow and harrow, with other implements, to go with the place. Price \$2,500 cash. Apply to F. Oliver, Edmonton, or on the premises to P. MARCHEL, proprietor.

REAL ESTATE NOTICE.—Parties wishing to purchase lots or land in the "Robertson & McGinn property, lot 12, Edmonton," or in the "Macdonald & McLeod property, lot 14, Edmonton," or in the "Macdonald & Lamoureux property, in the city of Saskatchewan," must deal only with the undersigned or George A. Watson, or (as to said city of Saskatchewan property) with Francis or Joseph Lamoureux. Plans may be seen at the office of the undersigned or at that of George A. Watson, barrister, Edmonton. A. McDONALD & CO.

EDMONTON AND CALGARY STAGE.—Making weekly trips between said points—leaves the Jasper house, Edmonton, at 9 and the steamboat dock at 9.30 o'clock every Monday morning, stopping at Peace hills, Battle river, Red Deer crossing and Willow creek, and arriving at Calgary on Friday. Returning, leaves Calgary Monday, stops at same places, and arrives at Edmonton on Friday. Fare each way \$25; 100 lbs baggage allowed. Express matter 10c per lb. Passengers arriving in Edmonton and wishing to go to St. Albert or Ft. Saskatchewan, will be forwarded to those places at a very moderate charge. Edmonton office in Jasper house; Calgary office in H.B. Co. store. D. McLEOD, proprietor.

CHURCHES.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Hours of Sunday service: All-Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R.C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10 a.m. every Sunday. Sermon in English and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.—D. C. Sanderson, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m. Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor—the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M.A., B.D. Sabbath services, 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m. Sabbath school at 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and meeting for the practice of sacred music on Thursday evening at 7. The usual Sabbath morning service will be interrupted by Mr. Baird's monthly visit to Fort Saskatchewan on April 6th.

PROFESSIONAL.

D. R. MUNRO, Physician and Surgeon. Office first door west of Bulletin building, Main street, Edmonton.

D. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B. Co. reserve, Edmonton.

JOSEPH V. KILDAHL, Solicitor of the High Court of Judicature in Ireland. Temporary office—Ross' hotel, Edmonton.

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

STUART D. MULKINS, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Coal Claims and Timber Limits located, and general information afforded on application. Thirteen years experience in Manitoba and the North-West. Office first door east of Jasper House, Main street Edmonton, N.W.T.

J. K. OSWALD, late of Oswald Brothers, Montreal, Real Estate and Land Agent, and General Commission Broker, Calgary, N.W.T. All orders for purchase and sale of real estate, farms, ranches, ranche supplies, agricultural implements, horses, cattle, and other general business promptly attended to. References:—Major general Strange, Military colonization company's ranche, near Calgary; C. Sharples, Esq., Calgary; W. B. Scarth, Esq., Toronto; Hon. A. F. Caron, minister of militia, Ottawa; Lieut.-col. Irvine, chief commissioner N.W.M.P., Regina; C. Sweeney, bank of Montreal, Winnipeg; W. R. Oswald, Esq., Montreal; C. J. Wyld, Esq., Halifax, N.S.

BUSINESS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLE. M. McCAULEY.

J. R. BURTON, Carpenter and Contractor. Estimates given. Doors, sash, etc., etc., made to order.

JAMES O'BRIEN & CO., wholesale clothiers, College buildings, Montreal, and Princess street, Winnipeg.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in D. M. McDougall's building, Main street, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

ROBT. D. RICHARDSON, wholesale and retail bookseller, Stationer, Blank Book Manufacturer and Fine Job Printer. The corner next the post office, Winnipeg.

ST. JEAN BROS., Cabinet Makers, and dealers in all kinds of household furniture. With new and improved machinery, are prepared to execute orders on short notice. Steam factory, Main st., Edmonton.

BANNATYNE & CO., successors to A. G. B. Bannatyne, Wholesale Grocers, and dealers in provisions, wines and liquors. Special attention given to packing goods for the North-West. 323 Main street, Winnipeg.—A. R. J. Bannatyne, Andrew Strang.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st., Edmonton.

STALKER & HUTCHINGS, wholesale and retail dealers in and manufacturers of Horse Clothing, Harness and Saddlery. Special attention paid to orders from the North-West. Wholesale—419 Main street, Winnipeg. Retail—307 Main street, Winnipeg, and opposite post office, Portage la Prairie.

HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

WALKER HOUSE, Main street, Edmonton. Daily and weekly board as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest. Meal tickets for sale. Choice cigars and temperance drinks. First-class billiard hall and feed stable in connection. WM. WALKER, proprietor.

CALGARY HOUSE, Calgary, Alberta.—Dunne & Wright, proprietors. This hotel is replete with all the latest improvements. Finest brands of imported and domestic cigars. Temperance drinks. Special attention paid to ladies and children. The tables are spread with seasonable delicacies.

EDMONTON HOTEL, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

COURT.

Court opened on Thursday at 10 a.m., in the school house. Judge Roleau presiding, attired in black robe and white tie, a new departure in such matters for this part of the world. The first case called was

A. Macdonald & Co. vs. Ad. McPherson, G. A. Watson for plaintiff, defendant did not appear as he did not arrive from Red Deer until a few minutes after judgment had been rendered. The action was to recover the amount of an account ran by A. Reid while in McPherson's employ, summer before last, which McPherson claimed he was not responsible for. Judgment for plaintiffs for amount of account, \$104.99 with interest for eleven months.

The criminal side of the court was opened then with the case of the

Queen vs. Roger Berard, wife desertion. W. Anderson, J.P., was associated with Judge Roleau in this case. Capt. Gagnon acted as prosecutor. A French speaking jury was demanded by the prisoner and the following chosen: G. Gagnon, D. Chevalier, J. Haney, L. B. Taillon, P. Oullette and J. Lederoute. A number of those who were called as jurors objected as they could not speak French fluently their language being Cree. Rev. Pere Lestanc acted as interpreter.

Capt. Gagnon stated the case against the prisoner.

Mrs. Berard was called as a witness. She testified to having been married to the prisoner fifteen years ago at St. Albert. Had several children, the oldest being eleven years of age. He had left her last fall without any provisions and she had since been obliged to support herself which she was unable to do.

A. Lang had had the previous witness in his employ and had paid her more than she was able to earn on account of her destitute circumstances.

Constable Dandy had arrested the prisoner at a house about twelve miles from the H.B. post at Lac la Biche. When he made the arrest he did not see the woman with whom prisoner was living but saw her mother.

Sub-constable Wadell gave evidence of a similar effect.

Verdict guilty. Sentence deferred until Saturday.

Court adjourned until 2 p.m.
J. A. McDougall & Co. vs. H. Schultz. Action on account. G. A. Watson for plaintiff. Defendant did not appear. Judgment for amount of account, \$81.72.

J. A. McDougall & Co. vs. R. J. Vance. Action on note of \$104.83. G. A. Watson for plaintiffs. Judgment for plaintiffs. Defendant did not appear.

A. Macdonald & Co. vs. P. Brunette. Action on joint note of \$1,115.15. G. A. Watson for plaintiffs. Judgment for plaintiffs by consent for \$309.29.

A. Macdonald & Co. vs. A. McNicol & W. Chamberlayne. Action on joint note same as above. G. A. Watson for plaintiffs. Judgment for plaintiffs \$309.29.

A. Macdonald & Co. vs. J. Reid. Action on joint note same as above. G. A. Watson for plaintiffs. Judgment for plaintiffs \$309.29.

Sanderson & Looby vs. W. Walker. Action on account. G. A. Watson for plaintiffs. Judgment for plaintiffs for \$434.38.

Court adjourned until Friday at 10 a.m.

Court opened at 10 a.m. The first case called was the

Queen vs. Vizina, forgery. Capt. Gagnon prosecuting and J. Hambly for prisoner. W. Anderson, J.P., was associated with Judge Roleau on the case. The charge was laid by F. C. Chable. As the prisoner spoke French only, a jury half English and half French was chosen. H. Goodridge, G. Sanderson, J. Rowland, D. Chevalier, T. Baillargeon and G. Gagnon were the jurors. The first witness called was

F. C. Chable, who deposed that last September he had sold his crop to the prisoner for \$300, with a verbal agreement that the money was to be paid in the beginning of December. The prisoner had at this time taken up a claim at Horse hill. On October 8th prisoner came to witness and told him that he had gone to G. A. Simpson to enter his claim but had been informed that it was already entered for. The agent told him, however, that if he could get the signatures of three old settlers of the neighborhood to prove that he had been first in occupation he would be allowed to enter for the claim. He had decided to get the signatures of the witness, C. Paquet and F. Provost. He finally induced witness to put his signature to a sheet of blank paper, saying that when the other two signed Mr. Simpson would fill in the necessary form. On the 17th witness was beaten to a state of insensibility by prisoner's stepson. On the 18th was taken to the St. Albert mission hospital where he lay for a long time unable to help himself. C. Paquet came to him while there and requested payment of an account which witness owed him; witness gave Paquet an order on prisoner for \$100. Paquet saw prisoner and coming back told witness that prisoner held his receipt for \$380, being payment in full for his crop, wagon and harness. Witness had never received any money on account of the articles mentioned and had never sold the wagon and harness. He caused a letter to be written to the prisoner stating the facts and

commanding him to come and see him at St. Albert on pain of legal proceedings. Prisoner came and showed him the alleged receipt which was the sheet of paper which witness had signed when blank on October 8th, but filled in with a hand writing which prisoner acknowledged to be his. The receipt was dated October 16th and was handed into court with the letter sent by witness from St. Albert to prisoner.

Cross-examined by J. Hambly for the defence. Evidence substantially the same as already given.

Court adjourned for an hour before the cross-examination was concluded.

Chable's cross-examination was resumed after adjournment but nothing further elicited. G. A. Watson prosecuting.

C. Paquet objected to being sworn on the Bible as he did not believe in it but made affirmation. Chable had owed witness money for a long time. When he heard that Chable had sold his crop for \$200 he tried to collect from the prisoner and the latter always said that he would pay witness before he paid Chable. On October 19th prisoner had Chable's wagon and said that he had bought the wagon and harness from Chable on the day of the row for \$80. After the 24th of October prisoner said he had not paid for the crop. On November 2nd on presenting an order on prisoner from Chable for \$100 was shown the receipt for \$380. Know Chable's writing but did not recognize it on the receipt. Prisoner admitted having written the receipt himself.

Frank Provost knew of sale of crop to prisoner. Heard prisoner say several times that he would make Chable suffer when he paid him. Understood that prisoner had not paid him. This was after the 17th. Prisoner showed witness the receipt on 26th October.

A. Ratelle was a friend of prisoner. Helped prisoner to take Chable to the mission after his injury, prisoner was to pay him for doing this. Prisoner told him he had bought Chable's wagon.

C. Caron had heard prisoner say that he did not pay Chable.

Rev. Pere Lestanc identified the letter sent by Chable to prisoner, also identified the receipt. Prisoner had admitted writing the body of the receipt.

Isaac Gagnon for the defence said that prisoner had bought Chable's crop for \$300 and was to pay for it in December. Knew that prisoner had \$365 before the date of the receipt as he had counted it. Counted it shortly afterwards and there was only \$15. Chable delivered the harness to prisoner. Did not know whether the money was paid Chable or not, and did not see Chable sign the receipt.

Mr. Hambly addressed the jury for the defence and Mr. Watson for the crown. In the judge's charge to the jury he stated that forgery did not alone consist in signing another person's name but in using a person's name for a fraudulent purpose. If the prisoner had committed the act charged he was guilty of forgery.

Verdict guilty. Sentence deferred.

GENERAL NEWS.

Ontario's expenses in the Rat Portage affair amounted to \$25,000.

G. H. Young is likely to be appointed collector of customs at Emerson.

A Miss M. J. Nimmo represents the Toronto News in the Ottawa press gallery.

Ten thousand men are employed on the C. P. R. between Port Arthur and Michipicoten.

The Rabbit mountain silver mine near Port Arthur has been sold to a St. Paul company for \$200,000.

An amendment to the C.P.R. loan bill prevents that company amalgamating with the Grand Trunk.

Orangemen were summoned to oppose a nationalist meeting to be held at Londonderry on St. Patrick's day.

The Credit Valley railway will probably be extended from Woodstock to Sarnia in order to give the C.P.R. a direct route through the States.

The government has ordered 100,000 copies of A. W. Ross's speech on the C.P.R. loan to be printed for distribution. Ross supported the loan.

Mr. Davin succeeded in securing a promise from Van Horne that when the C.P.R. company can they will build branches north and south from Regina.

The Ontario & Quebec railway will be opened for traffic next month. This will give the C.P.R. a competing line to the Grand Trunk from Toronto to Ottawa.

The government will have to provide at the end of this year for a payment of \$229,000,000, payable in 20 or 30 years and for \$3,000,000 payable in 1891.

If satisfactory arrangements can be made with the government lady Gordon Cathcart will send out a number of colonists from the north of Scotland to Manitoba this year.

The Manitoba Free Press lottery resulted in James Arnison of High Bluff drawing the \$500, W. Jaffrey of Stratford Ont. the \$200, and Alfred Crebbin of Shell river the \$100 prizes.

MARRIED.

TAYLOR-BRENNER. - At Bresaylor on the 11th March, by the Rev. Thos. Clarke, rural dean, Wm. Taylor, of Edmonton, to Margaret, eldest daughter of Charles Brenner, of Bresaylor.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, April 4th, 1884. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday,	52	26
Sunday,	56	24
Monday,	65	25
Tuesday,	60	28
Wednesday,	61	21
Thursday,	57	28
Friday,	49	28

Barometer rising, 28.00.

QU'APPELLE, March 28, 1884.

SEEDS!

Agricultural, Garden and Flower Seeds. Clovers, Timothy, and all varieties of Grass Seeds. Carefully selected Seed Grains. Tree Seeds. Our illustrated catalogue and price list mailed free on application.

R. R. KEITH & CO.,
Seedsmen.

483 Main street, Winnipeg.

THE COCHRANE RANCHE COMPANY (Limited),

BOW RIVER, N.W.T.,

Breeders of Short Horn, Hereford and Polled Aberdeen cattle, and of Clydesdale and Thoroughbred horses.

Cattle branded "C" on left hip, and under bit out of left ear.

Horses branded "C" on left shoulder.

F. WHITE,
Manager.

Address Calgary, N.W.T.

BROWN & CURRY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Beg to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North-West.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY.

KEEP CLEAR OF THE DOCTOR.

GREAT SECRET

IS TO

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY,

AND

A. MACDONALD & CO.

Always anxious about their customers' health have secured a lot of first-class

LADIES' AND GENTS' RUBBER SHOES,

Also a large stock of men's, women's and boys'

LEATHER BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Of all kinds, which they are offering to the public very low for

CASH.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL ACCOUNTS DUE US

AND

NOT PAID BY 10th MARCH,

WILL BE

PLACED IN COURT FOR COLLECTION.

NO EXCEPTIONS.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL & CO.